What is Your IMPACT on the Environment?



As a Filta customer, you can receive regular Environmental Impact Reports[™], detailing your contribution to the environment.

CONTACT YOUR LOCAL FILTA REPRESENTATIVE TO LEARN MORE





An acre of land only yields

around 70 gallons of oil.

filta Did You Know?





Around 26 inches of water is required for soybean to grow. That is an amazing 700,000 gallons per acre or 10,000 gallons of water per gallon of oil!



5 gallons of gas and diesel are used to farm each acre.

Soybean Field



Get this, 358lbs of lime is applied per acre to counteract acidity, because neutralizing soil acidity makes existing nutrients more available to plants such as soybeans.

All this to produce 500lbs of oil.

The mining of limestone requires the removal of considerable overburden (natural cover, soil, etc.) to gain access to limestone deposits. In addition, large amounts of energy are used to cook the limestone and make it into agricultural lime.

& Fertilizer

Over 43lbs of pesticides and fertilizer are needed for every acre of land used for growing soybeans. In the United States, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has recently acknowledged that agriculture is the major source of surface water quality problems in 72% of impaired rivers, 56% of lakes, and 43% of estuaries. The main culprits... pesticides and fertilizer.

6.62kWh of electricity and 58 cubic feet of gas are used to extract the oil produced by 1 acre of land.



The production of commercial soybean oil is complicated.

The soybeans are first cleaned, cooked, heat shocked, cracked, de-hulled and flaked prior to oil extraction.

This de-hulling is done by cracking the soybeans and a mechanical separation of the hulls and cracked soybeans. Magnets are used to separate any iron from the soybeans. The soybeans are also heated to about 170°f to coagulate the soy proteins to make the oil extraction easier.

The soybeans are cut in flakes mixed with a solvent, normally hexane. The hexane is separated from the soybean oil in evaporators. The evaporated hexane is recovered and returned to the extraction process. The hexane free crude soybean oil is then further purified.

Oil is Packaged

OK, it's now been used for cooking, what's the

I think you'll agree that, aside from money savings, these are

good reasons to make your oil last longer.



best use for the used oil?

Diesel disperses many carcinogenic particles and greenhouse gases including Sulfur Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide and Carbon Dioxide (Greenhouse Gas).

By using biodiesel instead of diesel, you can reduce these emissions.

Oil Delivery Truck

Your Fryers

You can now see the environmental impact of getting that oil to your kitchen. I think you'll agree that it's a real eye-opener.

Biodiesel Impact

For every gallon of biodiesel used in place of

diesel, you prevent 16 lbs of Carbon Dioxide

alone entering the atmostphere.

You can lessen your impact on the environment by prolonging the useful life of the oil. Our FiltaFry service will extend the life of your cooking oil and, when that oil has reached the end of its life, our technician will collect that waste oil and recycle it with our FiltaBio program

Filta works hand-in-hand with you to help lessen the environmental impact of cooking oil.

Packaging

1.2lbs of plastic and almost 1lb of cardboard are used to create the "jug in a box" packaging.

Transport Fuel

It takes over 2 gallons of diesel to truck each 5 gallon jug of oil to you.

THIS A

(10)

Heavy Duty

Clear Frying Oil





Can you find the 7 Filta logo Icons, (including this one) on the inside of this brochure?



Cooked

Soybean Oil Production Process

The mechanical production of soybean oil with

expensive and gives lower yields. Soybean oil is

hydraulic presses is rarely used because it's

Processing

